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**ADVANTEST®**  
ADVANTEST CORPORATION

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**TR3110**  
*Frequency Standard*  
**INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

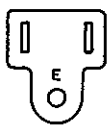
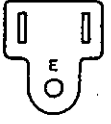
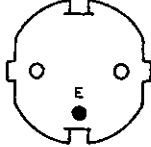
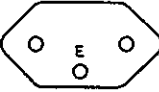
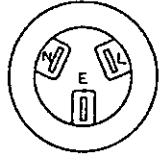
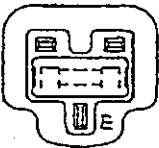
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Before reselling to other corporations  
or re-exporting to other countries, you  
are required to obtain permission from  
the Japanese Government under its  
Export Control Act.

# NOTICE

*ADVANTEST provides the following power cables for each country.  
If there was any inconvenience on your use, please contact our  
subsidiaries or ADVANTEST representatives.*

	Plugs	Standards/Countries	Ratings/Color/ Length	Accessory Codes
1		JIS : JAPAN	Rating :125V 7A Color :Black Length :2m	A01402 A01412
2		UL : USA CSA : CANADA	Rating :125V 7A Color :Black Length :2m	A01403 (Opt.95) A01413
3		CEE : EUROPE VDE : FRG OVE : AUSTRIA SEMKO : SWEDEN DEMKO : DENMARK KEMA : NETHERLANDS FIMKO : FINLAND NEMKO : NORWAY CEBEC : BELGIUM	Rating :250V 6A Color :Gray Length :2m	A01404 (Opt.96) A01414
4		SEV : SWITZERLAND	Rating :250V 6A Color :Gray Length :2m	A01405 (Opt.97) A01415
5		SAA : AUSTRALIA NEWZELAND	Rating :250V 6A Color :Gray Length :2m	A01406 (Opt.98)
6		BS : UK	Rating :250V 6A Color :Black Length :2m	A01407 (Opt.99) A01417

Note : "E" shows earth (ground).

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## CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1-1 Description

The TR 3110 FREQUENCY STANDARD is a portable secondary frequency standard having a stability of aging rate  $5 \times 10^{-10}$ /day.

The internal standard frequency is generated by a crystal oscillator and then divided and multiplied to produce 100kHz and 1MHz (10MHz and 100MHz optional) signals. These output frequencies retain the stability of the internal crystal oscillator (1MHz) and a precisely calibrated with an atomic frequency primary standard (Atomicron: accuracy  $\pm 1 \times 10^{-11}$ ), thus transferring the atomic frequency primary standard.

Since a backup power supply is self contained, it is ideal for portable calibration and periodic frequency supervision service.

The internal circuitry consists of a crystal oscillation control section, amplifier, frequency multiplication/division section (optional) and a power supply section and utilizes all silicon semiconductors.

Therefore, operation is stable against external noise and temperature changes. The crystal oscillation control section is sealed in a constant temperature oven to eliminate the effects of variations in the external environment.

Moreover, it has been designed to be small, lightweight and portable and contains a self-contained battery which permits its use for up to 12 hours in locations where a power source is unavailable. An optional DC-AC inverter (TR 1911) is also available to permit its use with a DC power source (12V or 24V) when there is no AC power source available.

The TR 3110 boasts the following features:

1. Extremely stable output frequency

Precisely calibrated by a primary frequency standard (Atomicron:  
Accuracy  $\pm 1 \times 10^{-11}$ )

$\pm 10\%$  power line voltage variation: Under  $5 \times 10^{-10}$

$\pm 20\%$  load resistance (600 $\Omega$  or 50 $\Omega$ ) variation: Under  $5 \times 10^{-10}$

Ambient temperature 25°C  $\pm 25^\circ\text{C}$

2. Portable type

Since it is all transistorized, it is compact and lightweight.

3. Can be used in location where an AC and DC power source is unavailable.

4. Output frequencies of 100kHz and 1MHz (10MHz, 100MHz optional) provided. Output frequency is adjustable.

Output voltage is over 2Vp-p for both 50 $\Omega$  (10MHz) and 600 $\Omega$  (100kHz, 1MHz) load and over 0.8Vp-p for 50 $\Omega$  load (100MHz).

Applications

- In crystal oscillator calibration
- As a frequency substandard
- In frequency counter periodic calibration and servicing
- In computer, communications equipment, oscillator frequency checks


Accessories

Product	Type	Stock No.	Remarks	Q'ty
Power cable	MP-25	DCB-DS0054		1
Output cable	A01036-1500	—	50 $\Omega$ BNC cable 1.5m	1
Fuse	EAWKO.5A	DFT-AAR5A	0.5A Slow-blow fuse	2
Instruction manual		E3110	English manual	1

## CHAPTER 2 SPECIFICATIONS

### 2-1 Specifications

Power source voltage	AC: 220V $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60Hz DC: +24V $\pm 10\%$ At OPERATE Approx 10hours At STAND-BY Approx 20hours
Power consumption	At OPERATE Approx 30VA At STAND-BY Approx 25VA
Frequency stability	Aging rate $5 \times 10^{-10}$ /day AC220V $\pm 10\%$ variation Under $5 \times 10^{-10}$ 50 $\Omega$ or 600 $\Omega$ $\pm 20\%$ load resistance variation Under $5 \times 10^{-10}$ Ambient temperature variation at $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ $5 \times 10^{-9}$
Warm-up time	Immediate use possible (However, 48 hours when AC power and internal battery OFF and when internal battery changed.)
Output frequencies	100kHz, 1MHz 10MHz over 2Vp-p sine wave 100MHz over 2Vp-p sine wave
Output impedance	Approx 600 $\Omega$ (100kHz, 1MHz) Approx 50 $\Omega$ (10MHz, 100MHz)
Frequency adjustment range	$2 \sim 4 \times 10^{-8}$
Operating temperature range	$0 \sim +50^{\circ}\text{C}$
Dimensions	Approx 250 (W) X 149 (H) X 350 (D) mm
Weight	Approx 10kg

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## CHAPTER 3 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### 3-1 General Preparations and Precautions Prior to Use

- 1) Use an AC power source of 220V  $\pm$ 10%.
- 2) Use in an ambient temperature range of 0 ~ +50°C.
- 3) Since a crystal is used, handle the instrument with care and do not subject it to shock or vibration.
- 4) Use a noise filter when the AC power line is extremely noisy (when motor and high capacity loads are switched nearby).
- 5) Since the internal signals of the instrument may leak out, always ground the chassis.
- 6) A self-contained battery is provided to permit operation during power failures or when a power source is unavailable.

Operation on the battery is possible for up to 12 hours (approximately 10 hours when equipped with 10MHz, 100MHz option), but care is required since the battery cannot be recharged if used for more than 12 hours.

- 7) Set the DISCHARGE switch to OFF when transporting the instrument.



### 3-2 Panel Description (See Fig. 3-1)

#### Front Panel

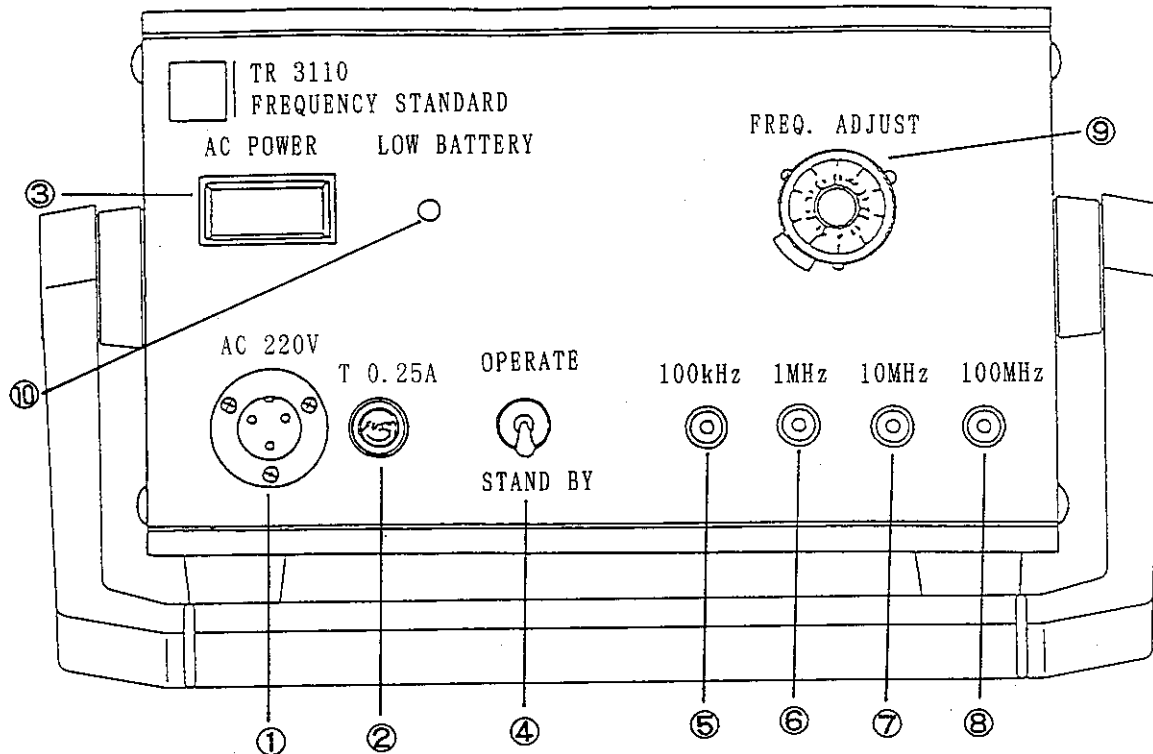


Fig. 3-1 Panel description

① AC 220V

AC power input terminal. Rated input voltage is AC220V  $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60Hz.

② T 0.25A

AC power fuse. A 0.25A slow-blow fuse is used.

③ AC POWER

AC power pilot lamp. This lamp is lighted when AC power is being supplied to the instrument and is extinguished when.

④ OPERATE/STAND-BY

When this switch is set to OPERATE, power is supplied to the internal circuits and the standard signal appears at the output terminals.

When it is set to STAND-BY, power is only supplied to the crystal oscillator constant temperature oven, oscillation circuit, and amplifier

circuit and no signal appears at the output terminals. Consequently, set this switch to STAND-BY when the output signal of the standard is not in use.

⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ 100kHz, 1MHz (10MHz, 100MHz)

Signal output terminals. Signal output is 100kHz and 1MHz as standard. 10MHz and 100MHz are optional.

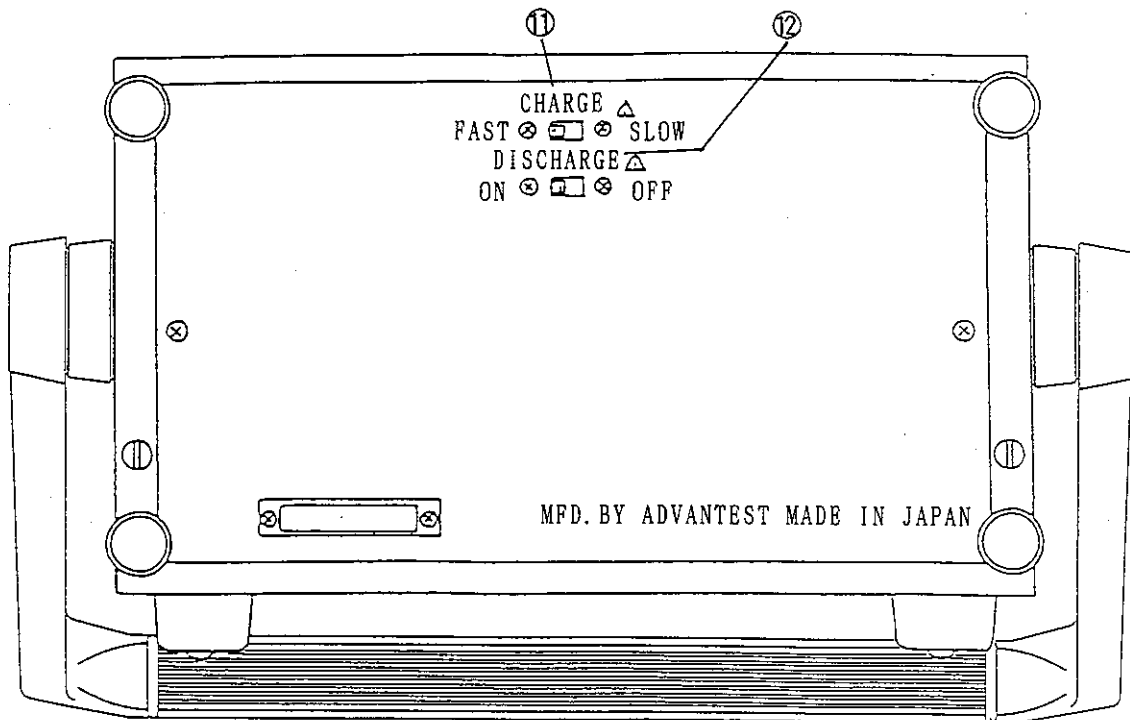
⑨ FREQ ADJUST

Ten turn potentiometer. Output can be varied  $2 \sim 4 \times 10^{-8}$  with the [50] position as the center.

⑩ LOW BATTERY

Lights when the self-contained battery voltage drops to about +18V. When this lamp lights, halt use of the battery and use an AC power source to charge the battery.

## Rear Panel



### ① CHARGE FAST-SLOW

Used when charging the self-contained battery.

When set to FAST, the charging current becomes approximately 60mA and charging requires 2 days. When set to SLOW, the charging current becomes about 30mA and charging requires 5 days.

If charged for more than 2 day under the FAST state, the battery will be overcharged and damaged.

Normally set to SLOW.

### ② DISCHARGE ON-OFF

Set to ON when the self-contained battery is used.

Set to OFF when the standard is being stored and when the battery is not being used.

### 3-3 Operating Instructions

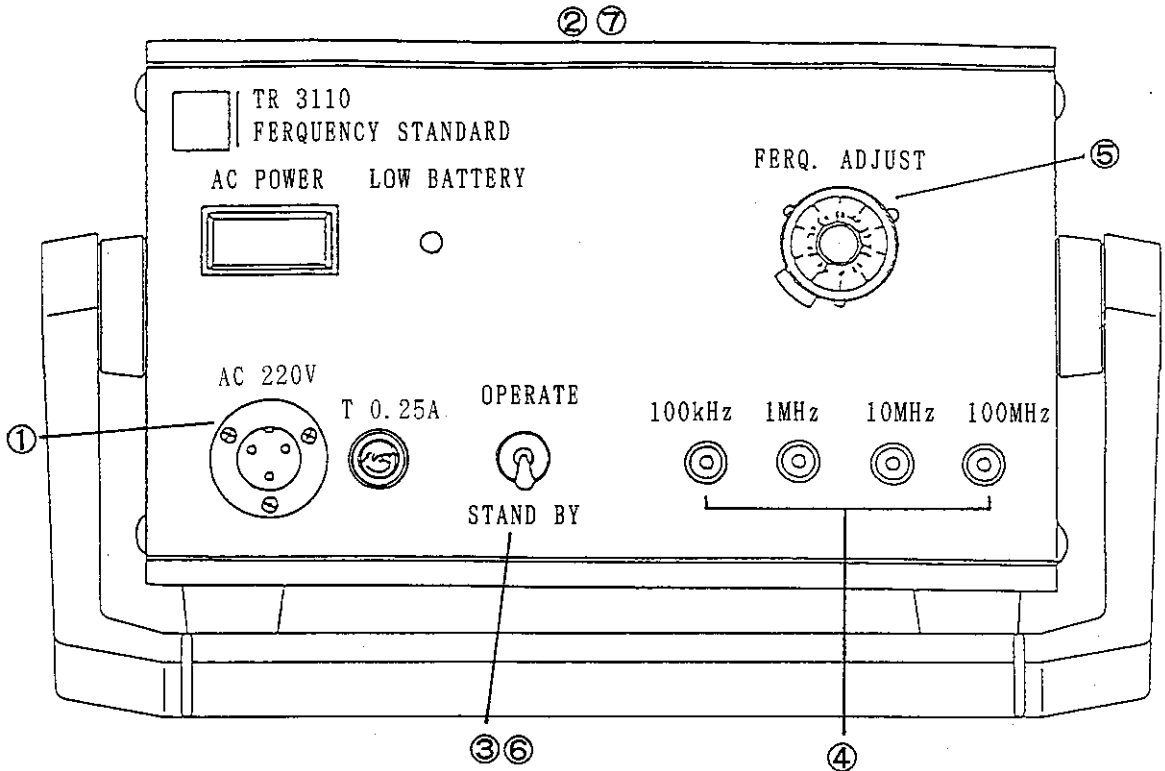


Fig. 3-2 Operating instructions

Match the below numbers with the numbers in Fig. 3-2.

- ① Supply power using the accessory cord at the AC220V.  
AC power input terminal. Rating is AC220V  $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60Hz.
- ② Set the rear panel CHARGE switch to SLOW and the DISCHARGE switch to ON.
- ③ Set the OPERATE/STAND-BY switch to OPERATE.
- ④ The standard signal is output from the respective output terminal.  
Output impedance is 600 $\Omega$  for the 100kHz and 1MHz terminals and 50 $\Omega$  for the 10MHz and 100MHz terminals.
- ⑤ When desiring to change the frequency slightly, adjust with FREQ ADJUST potentiometer.  
A  $\pm 2 \times 10^{-8}$  change is possible with the [50] graduation at the center.

- ⑥ When the frequency standard is not in use, set the OPERATE/STAND-BY switch to STAND-BY.
- ⑦ When the internal battery is used, pull the power cord and set the rear panel DISCHARGE switch to ON.

CHAPTER 4 PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

4-1 Description

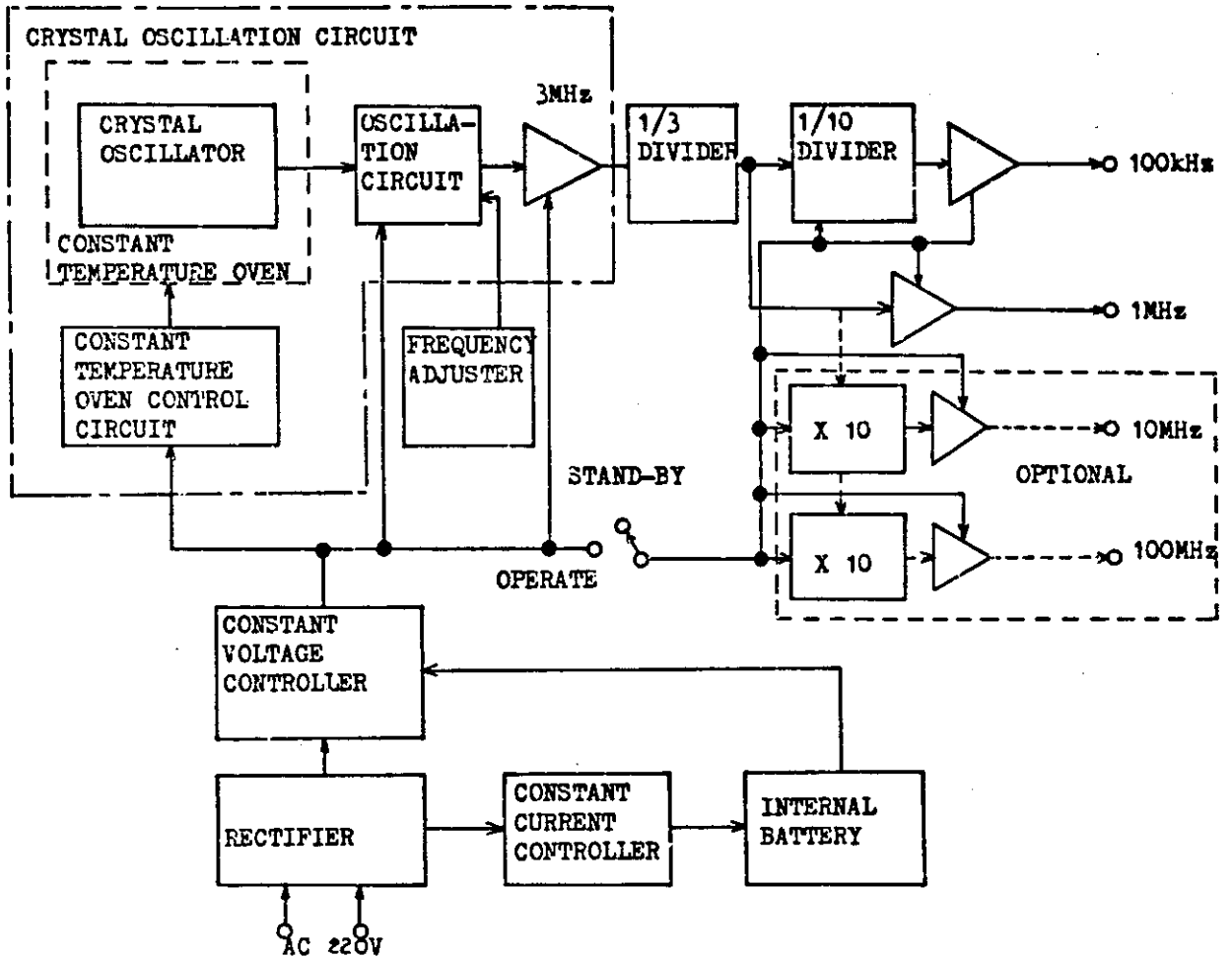


Fig. 4-1 Block diagram

The TR 3110 consists of a crystal oscillation circuit section, power supply section, and 1/10 divider circuit as illustrated in Fig. 4-1. Moreover, a 10MHz multiplier circuit and 100MHz multiplier circuit can be added as options. The crystall oscillation circuit section consists of a crystal, oscillation circuit, and constant temperature oven control circuit and the power supply section consists of a constant voltage control circuit and an internal battery control circuit.

#### 4-2 Constant Temperature Oven Control Circuit

The constant temperature oven control circuit maintains the temperature of the constant temperature oven containing the crystal constant.

The operating temperature is set to within  $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}$  of the tuning point temperature of the crystal resonator and changes are held to  $10^{-3}$  order by a proportional control system.

#### 4-3 Oscillation Circuit

The No.1 frequency determining element of the frequency standard is the crystal. This crystal is hermetically sealed inside a glass container to obtain maximum Q and consists of a precision resonator vacuum sealed in a container to obtain minimum aging characteristics.

A high degree of crystal temperature control must be applied to this circuit by a proportional constant temperature oven to make the reactance shift due to time, voltage and temperature minimum at a constant drive level. This circuit consists of two transistors and their related components.

The oscillator transistor is used in a modified Colpitts oscillation circuit and the ends of the moving element in this circuit are shunted with a large capacitance. Since the capacitance of the transistor element is comparatively smaller than that of the shunt capacitor, the overall value changes very little even when the capacitance of these elements changes.

#### 4-4 Divider

- (1)  $1/3$  divider: The 3MHz output supplied from the crystal oscillator is amplified by Q3 and applied to the injection oscillator circuit of Q4 where it is divided by  $1/3$  to 1MHz.

This 1MHz signal is supplied to a 2D10 through the impedance converter of Q5.

(2) 1/10 divider: A regenerative divider circuit is used to produce the 100kHz frequency standard output. The 1MHz signal supplied from the 1/3 divider is amplified by Q1 and applied to the emitter of mixer stage Q2. The collector circuit of Q2 is tuned to 100kHz, the capacitive impedance tap of the tuning circuit supplies the 100kHz signal to Q3 where it is multiplied 9 times. The 900kHz signal of the collector circuit of Q3 is fed-back to the base circuit of Q2 where it is mixed with the 1MHz signal from the crystal oscillator to produce the 100kHz signal.

This 100kHz signal is extracted from the capacitive impedance tap of Q2, applied to Q4, and the tuned output is connected to the front panel 100kHz output terminal through an impedance converter circuit.

#### 4-5 10MHz, 100MHz Divider Circuit (Optional)

This circuit is a multiplier employing an LC resonant circuit. The 1MHz and 10MHz standard signals are multiplied by 5 and then further multiplied by 2.

#### 4-6 Power Supply Circuit

The power supply circuit consists of a rectification section, constant voltage section and internal battery charging circuit. The rated power input of the frequency standard is AC220V  $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60Hz and DC24V 12V  $\pm 10\%$  (when used with TR 1911). The AC power input is converted to DC 40 ~ 42 through a power transformer, diode rectifier, and smoothing circuit.

The rectified voltage is applied to the voltage control circuit consisting of Q1 of this circuit and Q1, Q2 of 5D11.

The output voltage of Q1 of this circuit is applied to zener diode D16 through R22 by these circuits. The constant voltage obtained with this zener diode is applied to the emitter of Q2 of 5D11 and drives the Darlington connected emitter follower consisting of Q1 of 2E10 and Q1



of this circuit to maintain the output voltage constant.

If the input voltage rises, the base potential of Q2 becomes high than the emitter potential, Q2 conducts, the base potential of Q1 moves in the negative direction, the base of Q1 of mainframe circuit also moves in the negative direction (cutoff direction), the voltage drops between the collector-emitter of Q1 of the mainframe increases, and the output voltage is protected against changes in the input voltage.

If the AC or DC power source is interrupted, the automatic battery switching circuit is operated and power is supplied to the instrument through D16.

## CHAPTER 5 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

### 5-1 Maintenance Precautions

Pay careful attention to the following items to insure stable operation over an extended period of time.

- 1) Always wear white gloves when performing maintenance, inspection, and adjustment on this instrument.
- 2) Use an AC power source (AC220V  $\pm 10\%$ , 50/60Hz) and DC power source (+24V  $\pm 10\%$ ) within the rated values.
- 3) Used in an ambient temperature range of 0 ~ +50°C.
- 4) Since a crystal resonator is used, handle the instrument with care and do not subject it to large mechanical shock.
- 5) Use a noise filter when the AC power source is noisy.
- 6) Since a certain amount of time is required for the standard to reach the rated stability, apply power beforehand when it is to be used.
- 7) Since the internal battery can be used for up to 12 hours, be careful not to use it for more than 12 hours.

The internal battery cannot be recharged if used for more than 12 hours.

- 8) Be careful not to loose the screws when removing the instrument.

5-2 Test Equipment Required in Maintenance and Inspection

Table 5-1

Equipment	Ratings	Application
Slidac	AC 220V use 100VA	Power source voltage variation check.
Vacuum tube voltmeter	DC: Input impedance Over 10M $\Omega$ Accuracy 5% 0.1 ~ 100V AC: Input impedance Over 1M $\Omega$ Accuracy 5% 0.1 ~ 200V Low input capacitance	Voltage measurements
DC voltmeter	0.1 ~ 50V Accuracy 0.5%	Power source voltage measurements
Signal generator	Frequency 100kHz $\pm$ 10kHz 1MHz $\pm$ 150kHz Output voltage 0 ~ 2Vrms	Output frequency checks
Load resistance	50 $\Omega$ , 600 $\Omega$	Output frequency checks
Synchroscope	Frequency range DC ~ 100MHz Voltage sensitivity 0.1 ~ 100V	Observation of waveforms
Frequency counter	Measurement range 10Hz ~ 100MHz Input impedance 50 $\Omega$	Output frequency observation

### 5-3 Disassembly

#### 1) Removing the case

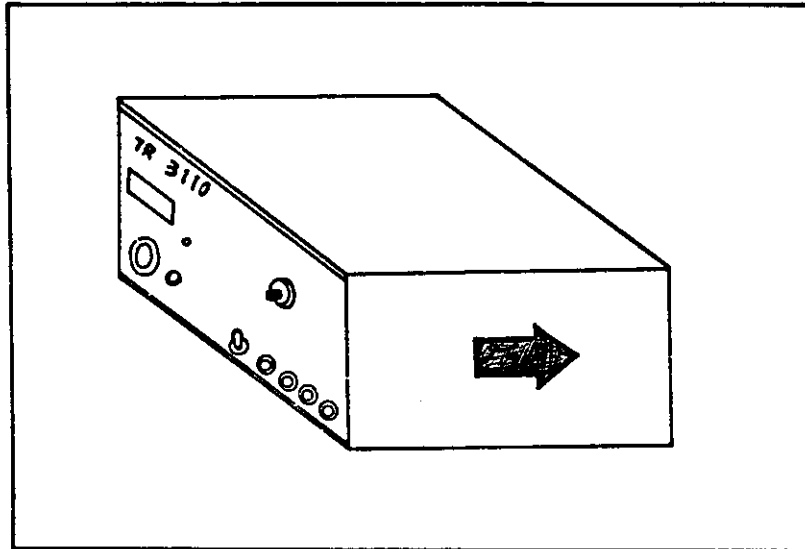


Fig. 5-1 Removing the case

Remove the two screws at the rear of the case and remove the case by pulling it in the direction of the arrow as shown in Fig. 5-1.

### 5-4 Adjustment and Calibration

#### 1) Calibration

##### ① Crystal oscillator calibration

Calibrate the internal crystal oscillator periodically.

Perform calibration against a primary frequency standard value.

When the trouble occurs in the crystal resonator and circuit, immediately contact Takeda Riken. NEVER ATTEMPT TO REPAIR THESE PARTS. Quality cannot be guaranteed if repair is performed by the user.

##### ② Power supply section check

The  $28.5V \pm 0.1V$  output is maintained with respect to input voltage changes of  $AC220V \pm 10\%$ . Check the stability of the voltage before using the instrument when parts have been replaced. Perform this check

by varying the AC input voltage AC220V  $\pm 10\%$  using a slidac and measuring the voltage with a precision DC voltmeter. If the output voltage is not 28.5V, adjust R25 of circuit board 5D11.

## 2) Adjustment

This instrument has been constructed so as not to require almost no maintenance.

The transistor must almost never require replacement.

If adjustment should become necessary, perform it as follows.

### ① 1MHz - 100kHz divider adjustment

- a) Disconnect the input signal from the crystal oscillation circuit.
- b) Connect the output of a signal generator to pin 17 of 2D10.
- c) Connect a 50 $\Omega$  load resistor in parallel with the 100kHz output terminal.
- d) Connect the external sweep input of the synchroscope to the resistance load and connect the vertical input to the output terminals of the signal generator.
- e) Set the output of the signal generator to 1MHz, 0.15Vrms.
- f) Set the front panel OPERATE/STAND-BY switch to OPERATE.

Adjust coils L71 and L72 until a 10:1 resurge waveform is obtained at the CRT of the synchroscope.

- g) Change the frequency of the signal generator from 1.00MHz to 1.02MHz and check if a smooth pattern is obtained over this range. If a smooth pattern is not obtained, adjust L71.
- h) Vary the frequency of the signal generator from 1.00MHz to 0.98MHz and check if a smooth pattern is obtained over this range. If a smooth pattern is not obtained, adjust L72.
- i) Adjust L73 for an output voltage of approximately 1Vrms at a 1MHz input. When the output waveform is distorted, adjust L73 so that the distortion is minimum.

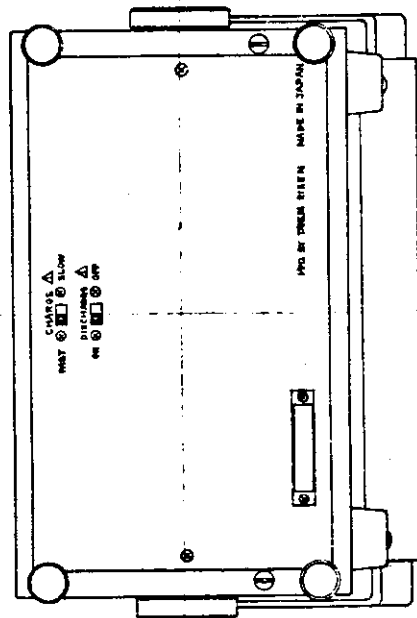
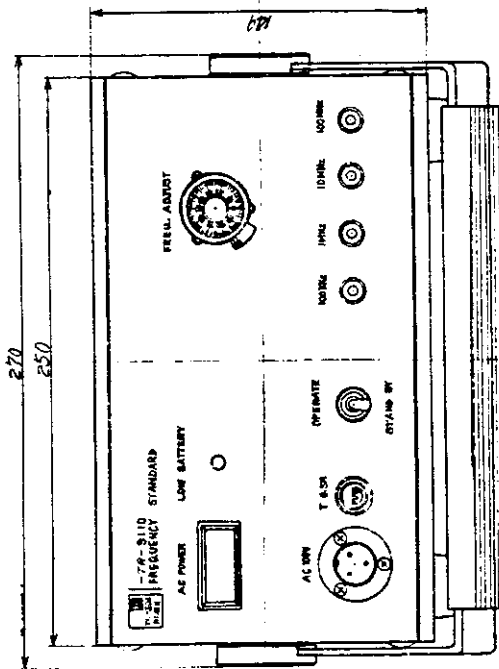
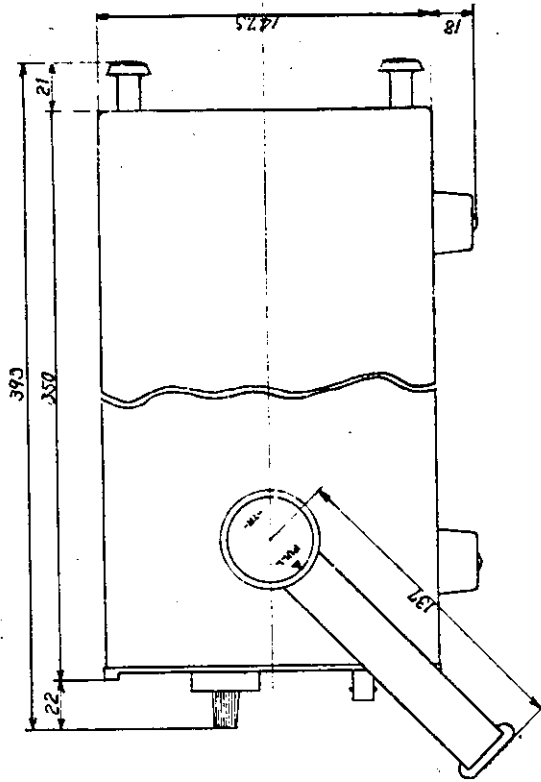
- j) Remove the input signal and confirm that no signal appears at the output terminals.
  - k) Check if the divider is operated continuously when the input signal voltage is 0.1V, 1.5V, and 2.5Vrms at a 1.00MHz signal generator Output.
  - l) After adjustment is complete, return the wiring to its original state.
- ② 10MHz, 100MHz multiplier circuits (5F51, 5F83 optional)

The 10MHz, 100MHz multiplier circuits are connected to the output terminals when equipped. Each of these circuits consists of a multiplier circuit employing a parallel resonant circuit and a tuned amplifier circuit.

The signals are produced by the 1MHz → 10MHz and 10MHz → 100MHz multiplier circuits.

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-7R-3110  
EXTERNAL VIEW



TR 3110  
SCHEMATIC SECTION

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110-SS-Q1	2SD82	Transistor SI NPN
" -Q2	2SD92	Transistor SI NPN
" -D1	WZ-090	Diode Zener
" -D2	WZ-090	Diode Zener
" -D3	SLF-24B	Diode Light Emitting
" -D4	SD-1	Diode SI
" -R1	HES-2 100QJ	R:FXD CAR 100Q ±5% 2W
" -R2		Not assigned
" -R3		Not assigned
" -R4	HES-2 2.7KQJ	R:FXD CAR 2.7KQ ±5% 2W
" -R5	M2210-10K(6+)	R:VAR Potentiometer 10KQ
" -R6	HES-2 22QJ	R:FXD CAR 22Q ±5% 2W
" -C2	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01μF +100, -0% 50V
" -C3	50LBSN470	C:FXD ELECT 470μF 50V
" -C4	50LASN1000	C:FXD ELECT 1000μF 50V
" -C5	50TH47	C:FXD ELECT 47μF 50V
" -C6	MC135YZ104P	C:FXD CER 0.1μF +100, -0% 25V
" -T1	TP-467 (S2407582)	Power Transformer
" -B1 thru " -B4	2000F x 6	Battery
" -F1	EAWK 0.5A	Fuse 0.5A slow blow (for AC 100-115V) Fuse 0.25A slow blow (for AC 200-230V)
	FH003	Fuse Holder
" -PL1	TS 10 No. 5571	Lamp Lamp Socket
" -S1	S116	Switch
" -S2		Not assigned
" -S3	MFS-201N6	Switch
3110-SS-S4	MFS-201N6	Switch

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description	
3110-SS-J3	PBAY-18-2AS-2G	Board Connector	
" -J4	S8-403F	Socket used crystal Oscillator	
" -J5	PBAY-18-2AS-2G	Board Connector	
" -J6	PBAY-18-2AS-2G	Board Connector	
" -J7	UG-290/U	Connector	
" thru -J10			
" -J11	HS-16R-3	Power Connector	
" -J12	PBAY-18-2AS-2G	Board Connector	
	TCO-10G	Crystal Oscillator	
	WE 15B	Power Noise Filter Block	
3110-SS-L1	LS21	L:FXD Coil 4T	

TR 3110/S  
POWER SUPPLY SECTION  
PE 152

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110/S-PE152-IC1	LM305AH	IC:Voltage Regulator
" Q3	2SD220	Transistor SI NPN
" Q4 thru Q6	2SC1279	Transistor SI NPN
" Q7	2SA537	Transistor SI PNP
" D10	MI-152	Diode SI
" D11		Not assigned
" D12	MI-152R	Diode SI
" D13		Not assigned
" D14	WZ090	Diode Zener
" D15	WZ090	Diode Zener
" D16	SM-1-08	Diode SI
" D17 thru D19	1S953	Diode SI
" R21	R1/4 27k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 27k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R22	X-6S 5k $\Omega$	R:VAR 5k $\Omega$
" R23	R1/4 18k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 18k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R24	R1/4 4.7k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 4.7k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R25	R1/4 2.2k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 2.2k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R26	R1/4 8.2k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 8.2k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R27	R1/4 22k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 22k $\Omega$ J $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R28	R1/2 1.8k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 1.8k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/2W
" R29	R1/4 18k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 18k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R30	R1/4 10k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 10k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R31	X-6S 5k $\Omega$	R:VAR 5k $\Omega$
" R32	R1/4 5.6 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 5.6 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R33	R1/4 3.3 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 3.3 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R34		Not assigned
" R35	R1/4 4.7 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 4.7 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R36	R1/2 2M $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 2M $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/2W
" R37	R1/4 2.7k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 2.7k $\Omega$ 1/4W
3110/S-PE152-R38	R1/4 1.5k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 1.5k $\Omega$ 1/4W

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110/S-PE152-C43	SL-50TH-4R7	C:FXD ELECT 4.7 $\mu$ F 50V
" C44	SL-50TH-4R7	C:FXD ELECT 4.7 $\mu$ F 50V
" C45	SC-80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100%, -0% 50V
" C46	FC-50-SL-680X	C:FXD CER 68pF $\pm$ 10% 50V
" C47	SL-50TH-3R3	C:FXD ELECT 3.3 $\mu$ F 50V
" C48	SL-50TH-3R3	C:FXD ELECT 3.3 $\mu$ F 50V
" L53	ELO810-SKI-181K	L:FXD Coil
" L54	LF-17	L:FXD Coil
3110/S-PE152L55	ELO810-SKI-181K	L:FXD Coil

## CIRCUIT BOARD

5F51

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110-5F51-Q1		
thru	2SC2901	Transistor SI NPN
" -Q7		
" -Q8	2N2894	Transistor SI PNP
" -Q9	2N2894	Transistor SI PNP
" -Q10	2SC2901	Transistor SI NPN
" -Q11	2SC2901	Transistor SI NPN
" -D16	RD11A	Diode Zener
" -D17	1S953	Diode SI
" -R20	EPD14T 10KQJ	R:FXD CAR 10KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R21	ERD14T 22KQJ	R:FXD CAR 22KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R22	ERD14T 10KQJ	R:FXD CAR 10KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R23	ERD14T 4.7KQJ	R:FXD CAR 4.7KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R24	ERD14T 22KQJ	R:FXD CAR 22KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R25	ERF14T 10KQJ	R:FXD CAR 10KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R26	ERD14T 4.7KQJ	R:FXD CAR 4.7KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R27	ERD14T 22KQJ	R:FXD CAR 22KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R28	ERD14T 10KQJ	R:FXD CAR 10KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R29	ERF14T 4.7KQJ	R:FXD CAR 4.7KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R30	ERD14T 22KQJ	R:FXD CAR 22KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R31	ERF14T 10KQJ	R:FXD CAR 10KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R32	ERF14T 4.7KQJ	R:FXD CAR 4.7KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R33	ERD14T 22KQJ	R:FXD CAR 22KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R34	ERD14T 22KQJ	R:FXD CAR 22KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R35	ERD14T 560QJ	R:FXD CAR 560Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R36	R1/4 560QJ	R:FXD CAR 560Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R37	R1/4 1KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R38	R1/4 10KQJ	R:FXD CAR 10KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R39	R1/4 1KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R40	R1/4 2.2KQJ	R:FXD CAR 2.2KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R41	R1/4 22KQJ	R:FXD CAR 22KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R42	R1/4 560QJ	R:FXD CAR 560Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R43	R1/4 1KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1KΩ ±5% 1/4W
3110-5F51-R44	R1/4 1.8KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1.8KΩ ±5% 1/4W

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110-5F51-R45	R1/4 10KQJ	R:FXD CAR 10KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R46	R1/4 2.2KQJ	R:FXD CAR 2.2KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R47	R1/4 220QJ	R:FXD CAR 220Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R48	R1/4 1KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -C51	FC80SL221K	C:FXD CER 220pF ±10% 50V
" -C52	FC50SLO50F	C:FXD CER 5pF ±1% 50V
" -C53	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01μF +100, -0% 50V
" -C54	200pF 50WV	C:FXD Styrol 200pF ±5% 50V
" -C55	200pF 50WV	C:FXD Styrol 200pF ±5% 50V
" -C56	FC50SL100K	C:FXD CER 10pF ±10% 50V
" -C57	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01μF +100, -0% 50V
" -C58	100pF 50WV	C:FXD Styrol 100pF ±5% 50V
" -C59	FC50SLO50F	C:FXD CER 5pF ±1% 50V
" -C60	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01μF +100, -0% 50V
" -C61	100pF 50WV	C:FXD Styrol 100pF ±5% 50V
" -C62	FC50SL100K	C:FXD CER 10pF ±10% 50V
" -C63	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01μF +100, -0% 50V
" -C64	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01μF +100, -0% 50V
" -C65	FC60SL470K	C:FXD CER 47pF ±10% 50V
" -C66		
" thru	SC120YZ473P	C:FXD CER 0.047μF +100, -0% 50V
" -C71		
" -C72		
" thru	ECE-B 25V10H	C:FXD ELECT 10μF 25V
" -C74		
" -C75	SC120YZ473P	C:FXD CER 0.047μF +100, -10% 50V
" -C76	TAXH25V100M	C:FXD ELECT TANTAL 10μF ±20% 25V
" -C77	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01μF +100, -0% 50V
" -L81	LB2 (S2466365)	L:FXD Coil
" -L82	LB2 (S2466365)	L:FXD Coil
" -L83	LB1 (S2405685)	L:FXD Coil
" -L84	LB1 (S2405685)	L:FXD Coil
" -L85		
" thru	LT-500	L:FXD Coil 500μH
3110-5F51-L87		

## 100MHz MULTIPLIER

5F 206

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110-5F206-Q1	2SC1834	Transistor SI NPN
" -Q2 thru	2SC1730	Transistor SI NPN
" -Q5		
" -Q6	2N5109	Transistor SI NPN
" -Q7	2SC594	Transistor SI NPN
" -R11	R1/4 12KQJ	R:FXD CAR 12KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R12	R1/4 5.6KQJ	R:FXD CAR 5.6KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R13	R1/4 330QJ	R:FXD CAR 330Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R14	R1/4 1.8KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1.8KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R15	R1/4 56KQJ	R:FXD CAR 56KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R16	R1/4 1.8KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1.8KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R17	R1/4 12KQJ	R:FXD CAR 12KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R18	R1/4 5.6KQJ	R:FXD CAR 5.6KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R19	R1/4 1.8KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1.8KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R20	R1/4 12KQJ	R:FXD CAR 12KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R21	R1/4 5.6KQJ	R:FXD CAR 5.6KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R22	R1/4 1.8KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1.8KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R23	R1/4 12KQJ	R:FXD CAR 12KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R24	R1/4 12KQJ	R:FXD CAR 12KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R25	R1/4 1.8KQJ	R:FXD CAR 1.8KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R26	R1/4 3.9KQJ	R:FXD CAR 3.9KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R27		Not assigned
" -R28	R1/4 15QJ	R:FXD CAR 15Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R29	R1/4 5.6KQJ	R:FXD CAR 5.6KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R30	R1/4 10QJ	R:FXD CAR 10Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R31	R1/4 51QJ	R:FXD CAR 51Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R32	R1/2 330QJ	R:FXD CAR 330Ω ±5% 1/2W
" -R33	R1/4 12KQJ	R:FXD CAR 12KΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -R34	R1/4 220QJ	R:FXD CAR 220Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R35	R1/4 82QJ	R:FXD CAR 82Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R36	R1/4 51QJ	R:FXD CAR 51Ω ±5% 1/4W
" -R37	R1/4 270KQJ	R:FXD CAR 270KΩ ±5% 1/4W
3110-5F206-R38	R1/4 100QJ	R:FXD CAR 100Ω ±5% 1/4W

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110-5F206-C41	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C42	SC60YZ102P	C:FXD CER 0.001 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C43	DM10D101J3	C:FXD DIPPED MICA 100pF $\pm$ 5% 300V
" -C44	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C45	FC50SL150K	C:FXD CER 15pF $\pm$ 10% 50V
" -C46	ECV-1ZW20X32	C:VAR CER 20pF 500V
" -C47	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C48	FC50SLO30F	C:FXD CER 3pF $\pm$ 1% 50V
" -C49	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C50	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C51	FC50SLO20F	C:FXD CER 2pF $\pm$ 1% 50V
" -C52	ECV-1ZW20X32	C:VAR CER 20pF 500V
" -C53	ECV-1ZW20X32	C:VAR CER 20pF 500V
" -C54	FC50SLO20F	C:FXD CER 2pF $\pm$ 1% 50V
" -C55	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C56	ECV-1ZW20X32	C:VAR CER 20pF 500V
" -C57	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C58	FC50SLO30F	C:FXD CER 3pF $\pm$ 1% 50V
" -C59	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C60	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C61	FC50SLO20F	C:FXD CER 2pF $\pm$ 1% 50V
" -C62	ECV-1ZW20X32	C:VAR CER 20pF 500V
" -C63	ECV-1ZW20X32	C:VAR CER 20pF 500V
" -C64	FC50SLO50F	C:FXD CER 5pF $\pm$ 1% 50V
" -C65	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C66	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C67	FC90SL331K	C:FXD CER 330pF $\pm$ 10% 50V
" -C68		Not assigned
" -C69		Not assigned
" -C70	TAXH25V 220M	C:FXD ELECT TANTAL 22 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20% 25V
" -C71	DM10D101J3	C:FXD DIPPED MICA 100pF $\pm$ 5% 300V
" -C72	FC100SL471K	C:FXD CER 470pF $\pm$ 10% 50V
" -C73	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V
" -C74	FC100SL471K	C:FXD CER 470pF $\pm$ 10% 50V
3110-5F206-C75	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100, -0% 50V



Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110-5F206-C76	ECV-1ZW20X32	C:VAR CER 20pF 500V
" -C77	DMO5C 100J3	C:FXD DIPPED MICA 10pF ±5% 300V
" -C78	DMO5C 150K3	C:FXD DIPPED MICA 15pF ±10% 300V
" -L81 thru	LT500	L:FXD Coil 500µH
" -L85		
" -L86	LA3 (S2466361)	L:VAR Coil 1.5 ~ 3µH
" -L87 thru	LS33	L:FXD Coil
" -L89		
" -L90 thru	LS22	L:FXD Coil
" -L93		
" -L94	LA3 (S2466361)	L:VAR Coil
" CL101	223A 840	Heat Sink
" -R105	RD25S 220KΩJ	R:FXD CAR 220kΩ ±5% 1/4W
" -L96	N-1891	L:FXD Coil
" -L97	N-1891	L:FXD Coil
" -C109 thru	0.01UF 50WV	C:FXD CER 0.01µF +80, -20% 50V
" -C111		
" -C112	100PF 50WV	C:FXD CER 100pF ±10% 50V
" -C113	220PF 50WV	C:FXD CER 220pF ±10% 50V
" -C114	220PF 50WV	C:FXD CER 220pF ±10% 50V
" -C115	330PF 50WV	C:FXD CER 330pF ±10% 50V
" -C116	100PF 50WV	C:FXD CER 100pF ±10% 50V
3110-5F206-C117	220PF 50WV	C:FXD CER 220pF ±10% 50V

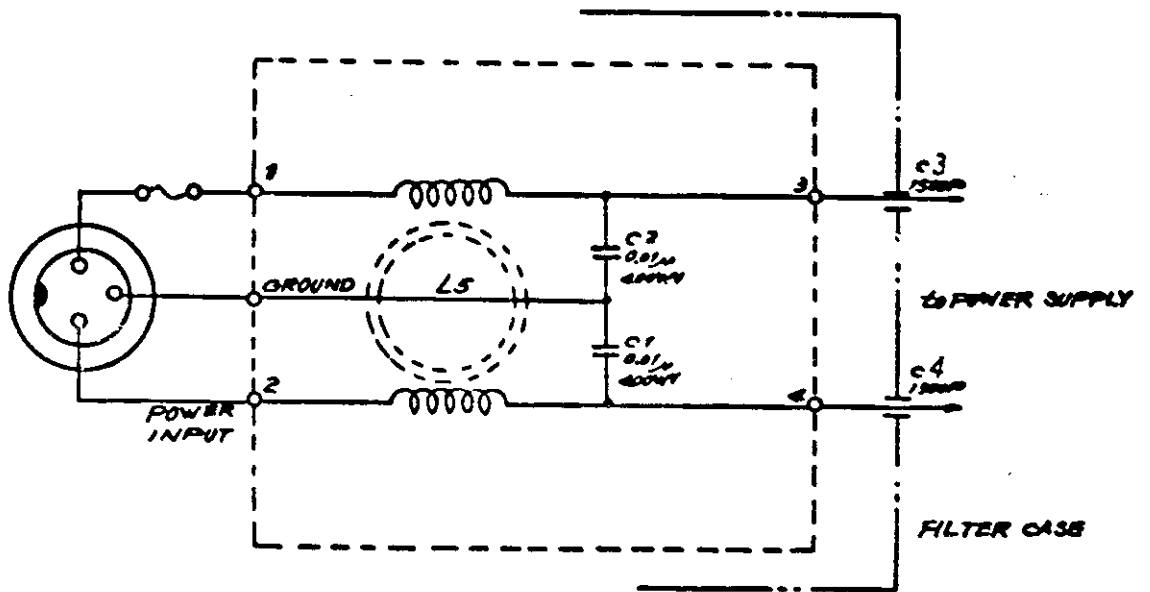
## TR 3110/S

## 1/5 AND 1/10 DIVIDER &amp; ISOLATOR SECTION

PD 042

Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110/S-PDO42-IC1	SN7490N	IC:Decade Counter
" IC2	SN7490N	IC:Decade Counter
" Q5	2SC1834	Transistor SI NPN
" Q6 thru Q9	2SC594	Transistor SI NPN
" R13	R1/4 22k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 22k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R14	R1/4 1k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R15	R1/4 33k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 33k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R16	R1/4 22k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 22k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R17	R1/4 6.8k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 6.8k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R18	R1/4 100 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R19	R1/4 330 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 330 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R20	R1/4 1.2k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 1.2k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R21	R1/4 10k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 10k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R22	R1/4 10k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 10k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R23	R1/4 100 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R24	R1/4 1k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R25	R1/4 560 $\Omega$	R:FXD CAR 560 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R26	R1/4 3.3k $\Omega$ J	R:FXF CAR 3.3k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R27	R1/4 22k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 22k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R28	R1/4 6.8k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 6.8k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R29	R1/4 100 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R30	R1/4 330 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 330 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R31	R1/4 1.2k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 1.2k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R32	R1/4 10k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 10k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R33	R1/4 10k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 10k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R34	R1/4 100 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 100 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R35	R1/4 1k $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 1k $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R36	R1/4 560 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 560 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R37	R1/4 220 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 220 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
" R38	R1/4 330 $\Omega$ J	R:FXD CAR 330 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5% 1/4W
3110/S-PDO42-C40	SSC-80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100%, -0% 50V

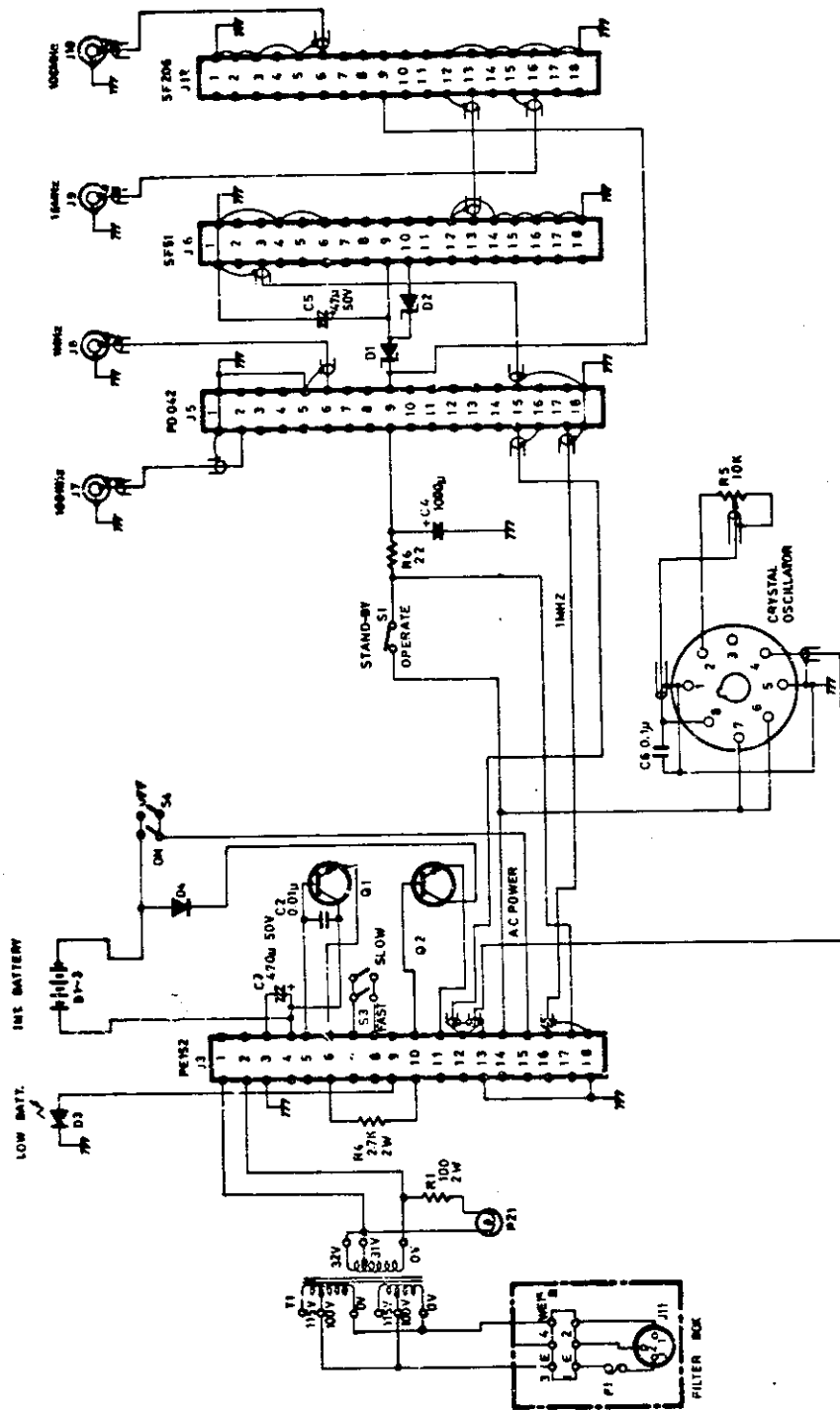
Parts No.	Stock No.	Description
3110/S-PDO42-C41	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100%, -0% 50V
" C42	SC120YZ473P	C:FXD CER 0.047 $\mu$ F +100%, -0% 50V
" C43	DM19D512J3	C:FXD Dipped Mica 0.0051 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 5% 300V
" C44	DM15D102J3	C:FXD Dipped Mica 0.001 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 5% 300V
" C45	DM19D202J3	C:FXD Dipped Mica 0.002 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 5% 300V
" C46	FNXH2P47K	C:FXD Metallized Film 0.47 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 200V
" C47	MXT1P1K	C:FXD Mylar 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 100V
" C48	SL50TH4R7	C:FXD ELECT 4.7 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 500V
" C49	MXT1P1K	C:FXD Mylar 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 100V
" C50	SC80YZ103P	C:FXD CER 0.01 $\mu$ F +100%, -0% 50V
" C51	DM15D102J3	C:FXD Dipped Mica 0.001 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 5% 300V
" C52	DM10D331J3	C:FXD Dipped Mica 330pF $\pm$ 5% 300V
" C53	FNXH 2P22K	C:FXD Metallized Film 0.22 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 200V
" C54	MXT1P1K	C:FXD Mylar 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 100V
" C55	SL50TH4R7	C:FXD ELECT 4.7 $\mu$ F 50V
" C56	MXT1P1K	C:FXD Mylar 0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 10% 100V
" L59	L10B3	L:VAR Coil
3110/S-PDO42-L60	L10B1	L:VAR Coil



NOTE  
UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED  
CAPACITANCE IN FARADS;

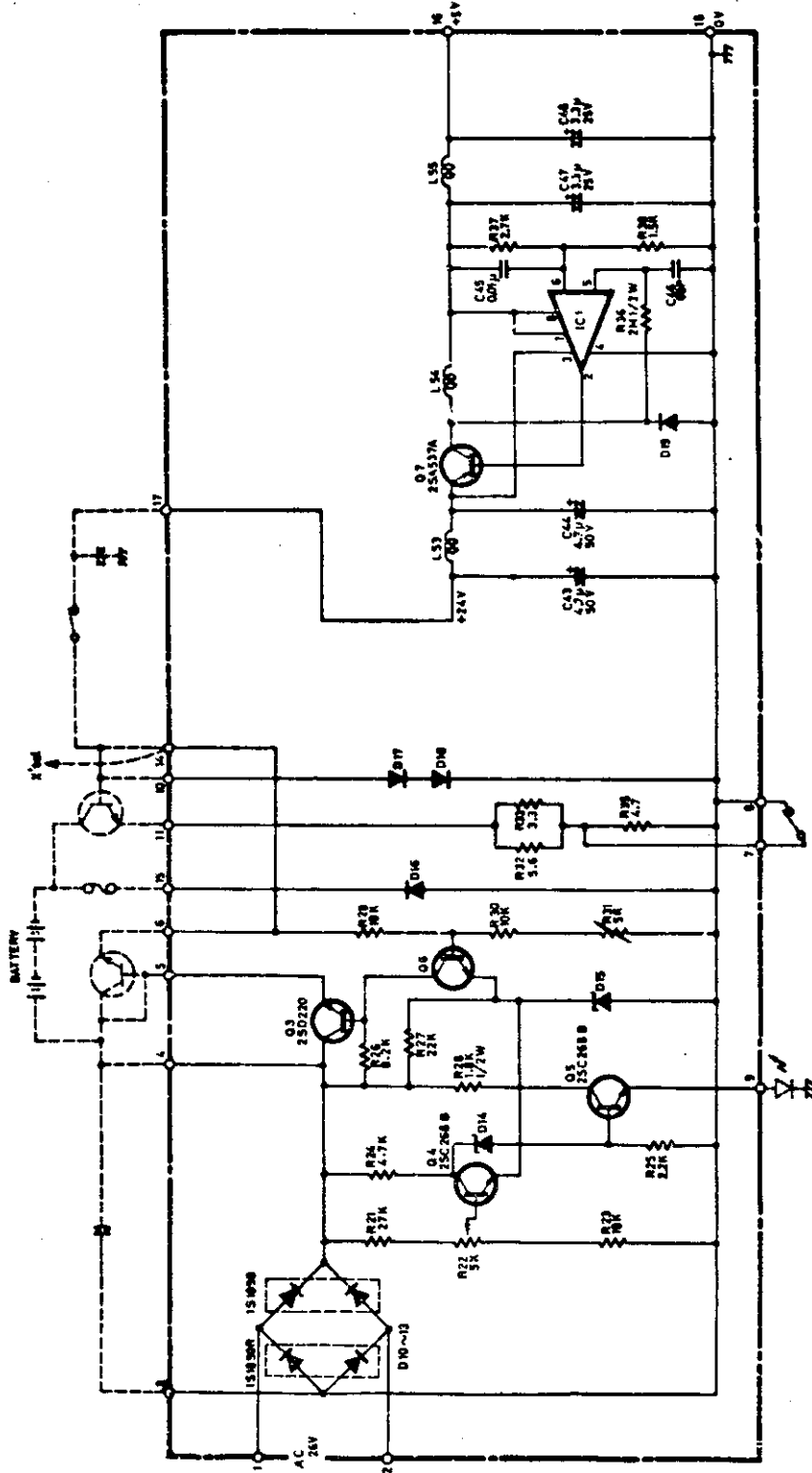
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WE15A/WE15B  
LINE FILTER

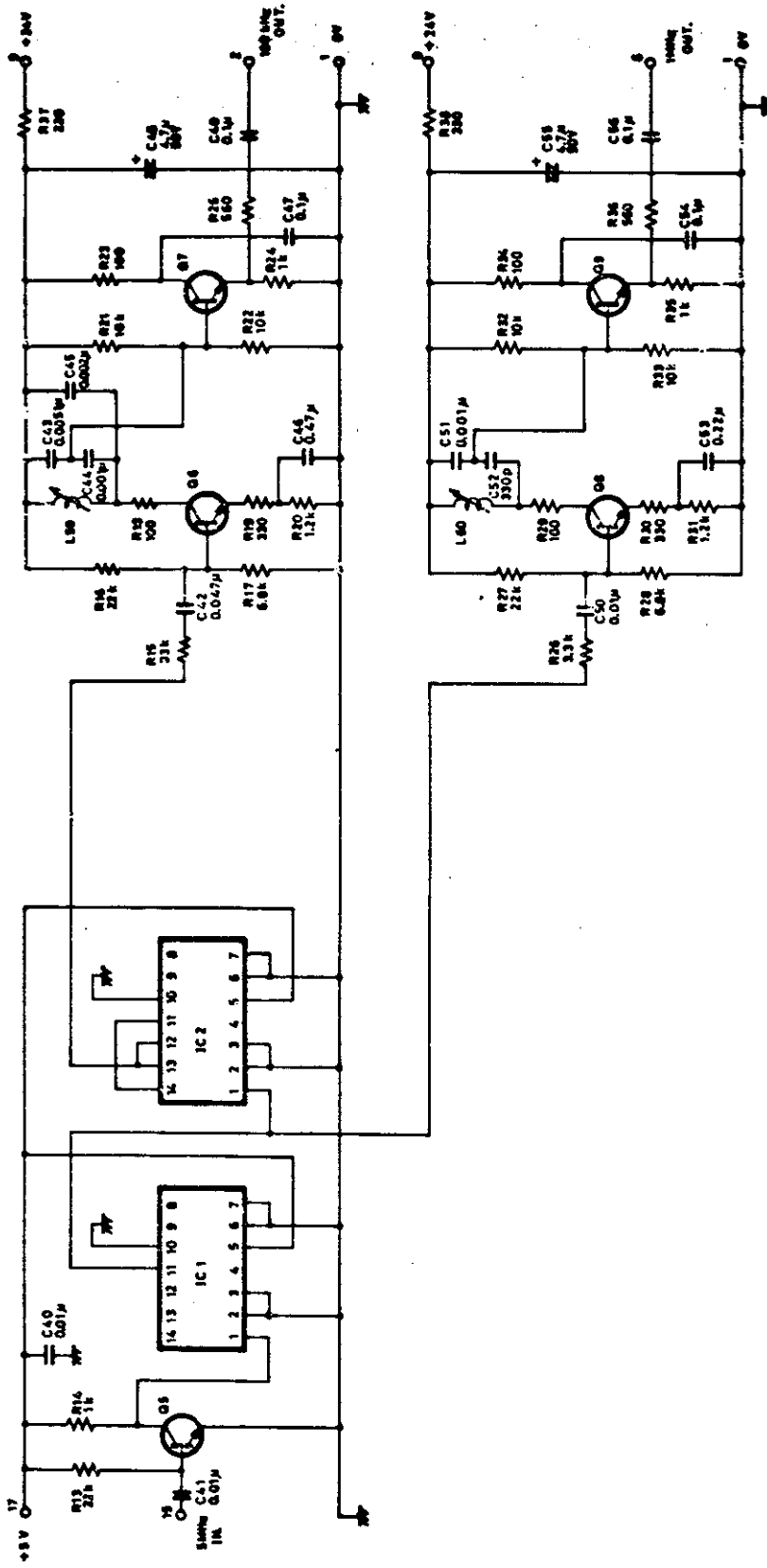


-JR-2110  
SCHEMATIC SECTION

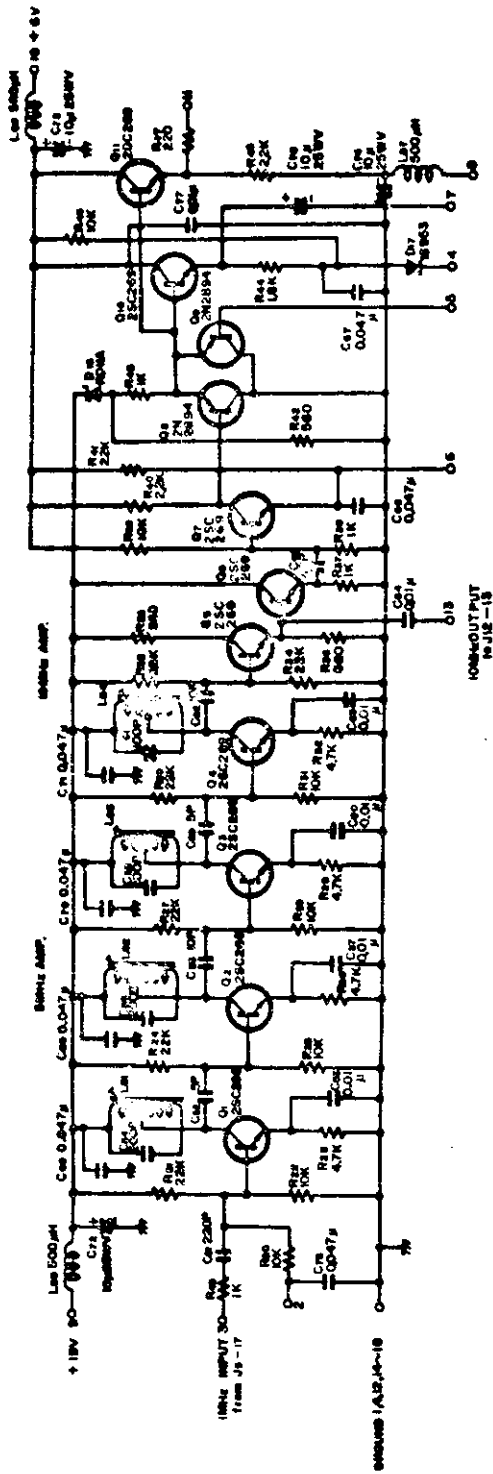
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**-R-3110  
POWER SUPPLY  
PE102**

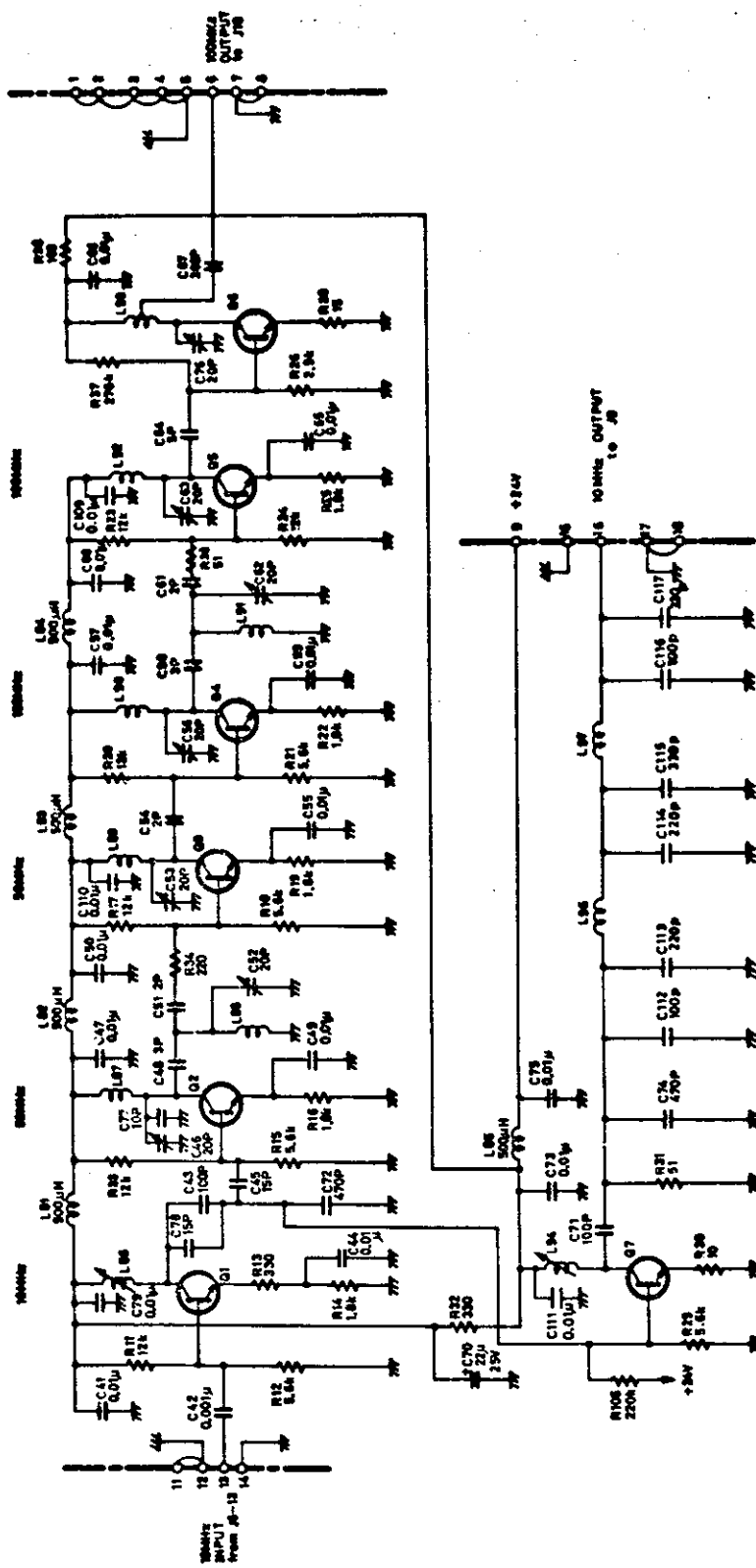


TR3110  
 1/5 & V/10 DIVIDER, ISOLATOR  
 P0042



-TR-3110  
 SFS1  
 MULTIPLIER





TR 3110  
100MHz MULTIPLIER  
SF 208

0648408-7-C

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  - (b) any improper or inadequate handling, carriage or storage of the Product by the Purchaser or any third party (other than Advantest or its agents);
  - (c) use of the Product under operating conditions or environments different than those specified in the Operation Manual or recommended by Advantest, including, without limitation, (i) instances where the Product has been subjected to physical stress or electrical voltage exceeding the permissible range and (ii) instances where the corrosion of electrical circuits or other deterioration was accelerated by exposure to corrosive gases or dusty environments;
  - (d) use of the Product in connection with software, interfaces, products or parts other than software, interfaces, products or parts supplied or recommended by Advantest;
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  - (f) Advantest's incorporation or use of any specifications or designs supplied by Purchaser;
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6. **THE REMEDY SET FORTH HEREIN SHALL BE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE PURCHASER FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT.**
7. **ADVANTEST WILL NOT HAVE ANY LIABILITY TO THE PURCHASER FOR ANY INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF ANTICIPATED PROFITS OR REVENUES, IN ANY AND ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, EVEN IF ADVANTEST HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES AND WHETHER ARISING OUT OF BREACH OF CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY, INDEMNITY, CONTRIBUTION OR OTHERWISE. TORT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY, INDEMNITY, CONTRIBUTION OR OTHERWISE.**
8. **OTHER THAN THE REMEDY FOR THE BREACH OF WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN, ADVANTEST SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR, AND HEREBY DISCLAIMS TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW ANY LIABILITY FOR, DAMAGES FOR PRODUCT FAILURE OR DEFECT, WHETHER ARISING OUT OF BREACH OF CONTRACT, TORT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY, INDEMNITY, CONTRIBUTION OR OTHERWISE.**

## **CUSTOMER SERVICE DESCRIPTION**

In order to maintain safe and trouble-free operation of the Product and to prevent the incurrence of unnecessary costs and expenses, Advantest recommends a regular preventive maintenance program under its maintenance agreement.

Advantest's maintenance agreement provides the Purchaser on-site and off-site maintenance, parts, maintenance machinery, regular inspections, and telephone support and will last a maximum of ten years from the date the delivery of the Product. For specific details of the services provided under the maintenance agreement, please contact the nearest Advantest office listed at the end of this Operation Manual or Advantest's sales representatives.

Some of the components and parts of this Product have a limited operating life (such as, electrical and mechanical parts, fan motors, unit power supply, etc.). Accordingly, these components and parts will have to be replaced on a periodic basis. If the operating life of a component or part has expired and such component or part has not been replaced, there is a possibility that the Product will not perform properly. Additionally, if the operating life of a component or part has expired and continued use of such component or part damages the Product, the Product may not be repairable. Please contact the nearest Advantest office listed at the end of this Operation Manual or Advantest's sales representatives to determine the operating life of a specific component or part, as the operating life may vary depending on various factors such as operating condition and usage environment.

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